



UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☒ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2004

OR

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 1-4298

COHU, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

95-1934119  
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

12367 Crosthwaite Circle, Poway, California  
(Address of principal executive office)

92064-6817  
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (858) 848-8100

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Yes ☐ No ☐

As of March 31, 2004 the Registrant had 21,445,060 shares of its \$1.00 par value common stock outstanding.

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**Item 1.**
**COHU, INC.**
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except par value)

|                                                                                                                               | March 31, 2004   | December 31, 2003 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| <b>ASSETS</b>                                                                                                                 |                  |                   |
| Current assets:                                                                                                               |                  |                   |
| Cash and cash equivalents                                                                                                     | \$ 8,411         | \$ 7,127          |
| Short-term investments                                                                                                        | 108,388          | 100,493           |
| Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1,188 in 2004 and \$1,177 in 2003                              | 32,062           | 25,578            |
| Inventories:                                                                                                                  |                  |                   |
| Raw materials and purchased parts                                                                                             | 18,182           | 18,159            |
| Work in process                                                                                                               | 8,730            | 8,238             |
| Finished goods                                                                                                                | 6,342            | 5,239             |
|                                                                                                                               | 33,254           | 31,636            |
| Deferred income taxes                                                                                                         | 3,553            | 3,553             |
| Other current assets                                                                                                          | 3,213            | 3,151             |
| Total current assets                                                                                                          | 188,881          | 171,538           |
| Note receivable                                                                                                               | —                | 8,978             |
| Property, plant and equipment, at cost:                                                                                       |                  |                   |
| Land and land improvements                                                                                                    | 7,978            | 7,978             |
| Buildings and building improvements                                                                                           | 25,177           | 25,055            |
| Machinery and equipment                                                                                                       | 24,500           | 23,948            |
|                                                                                                                               | 57,655           | 56,981            |
| Less accumulated depreciation and amortization                                                                                | (27,052)         | (26,298)          |
| Net property, plant and equipment                                                                                             | 30,603           | 30,683            |
| Goodwill                                                                                                                      | 8,340            | 8,340             |
| Other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$780 in 2004 and \$642 in 2003                                   | 870              | 1,008             |
| Other assets                                                                                                                  | 212              | 183               |
|                                                                                                                               | <u>\$228,906</u> | <u>\$220,730</u>  |
| <b>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>                                                                                   |                  |                   |
| Current liabilities:                                                                                                          |                  |                   |
| Accounts payable                                                                                                              | \$ 9,340         | \$ 7,250          |
| Accrued compensation and benefits                                                                                             | 6,642            | 5,986             |
| Accrued warranty                                                                                                              | 3,630            | 3,479             |
| Customer advances                                                                                                             | 637              | 402               |
| Deferred profit                                                                                                               | 6,929            | 4,132             |
| Income taxes payable                                                                                                          | 2,421            | 2,090             |
| Other accrued liabilities                                                                                                     | 3,518            | 3,478             |
| Total current liabilities                                                                                                     | 33,117           | 26,817            |
| Accrued retiree medical benefits                                                                                              | 1,262            | 1,267             |
| Deferred income taxes                                                                                                         | 416              | 416               |
| Commitments and contingencies                                                                                                 |                  |                   |
| Stockholders' equity:                                                                                                         |                  |                   |
| Preferred stock, \$1 par value; 1,000 shares authorized, none issued                                                          | —                | —                 |
| Common stock, \$1 par value; 60,000 shares authorized, 21,445 shares issued and outstanding in 2004 and 21,375 shares in 2003 | 21,445           | 21,375            |
| Paid in capital                                                                                                               | 22,923           | 22,140            |
| Retained earnings                                                                                                             | 149,718          | 148,691           |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income                                                                                        | 25               | 24                |
| Total stockholders' equity                                                                                                    | <u>194,111</u>   | <u>192,230</u>    |
|                                                                                                                               | <u>\$228,906</u> | <u>\$220,730</u>  |

See accompanying notes.

**COHU, INC.**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

(Unaudited)

(in thousands, except per share amounts)

|                                                                    | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |                   |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|
|                                                                    | 2004                            | 2003              |
| Net sales                                                          | \$35,939                        | \$31,079          |
| Cost and expenses:                                                 |                                 |                   |
| Cost of sales                                                      | 21,017                          | 20,696            |
| Research and development                                           | 6,184                           | 6,938             |
| Selling, general and administrative                                | 6,860                           | 5,915             |
|                                                                    | <u>34,061</u>                   | <u>33,549</u>     |
| Income (loss) from operations                                      | 1,878                           | (2,470)           |
| Interest income                                                    | 620                             | 700               |
| Income (loss) before income taxes                                  | 2,498                           | (1,770)           |
| Income tax provision (benefit)                                     | 400                             | (400)             |
| Net income (loss)                                                  | <u>\$ 2,098</u>                 | <u>\$ (1,370)</u> |
| Income (loss) per share:                                           |                                 |                   |
| Basic                                                              | <u>\$ 0.10</u>                  | <u>\$ (0.07)</u>  |
| Diluted                                                            | <u>\$ 0.10</u>                  | <u>\$ (0.07)</u>  |
| Weighted average shares used in computing income (loss) per share: |                                 |                   |
| Basic                                                              | <u>21,419</u>                   | <u>20,912</u>     |
| Diluted                                                            | <u>22,075</u>                   | <u>20,912</u>     |
| Cash dividends declared per share                                  | <u>\$ 0.05</u>                  | <u>\$ 0.05</u>    |

See accompanying notes.

**COHU, INC.**

**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

(Unaudited)  
(in thousands)

|                                                                                            | Three Months Ended<br>March 31, |            |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|
|                                                                                            | 2004                            | 2003       |
| Cash flows from operating activities:                                                      |                                 |            |
| Net income (loss)                                                                          | \$ 2,098                        | \$ (1,370) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided from operating activities: |                                 |            |
| Depreciation and amortization                                                              | 973                             | 1,071      |
| Decrease in accrued retiree medical benefits                                               | (5)                             | (3)        |
| Changes in current assets and liabilities:                                                 |                                 |            |
| Accounts receivable                                                                        | (6,484)                         | (5,755)    |
| Inventories                                                                                | (1,618)                         | (2,083)    |
| Other current assets                                                                       | (62)                            | (463)      |
| Accounts payable                                                                           | 2,090                           | 1,994      |
| Customer advances                                                                          | 235                             | (263)      |
| Deferred profit                                                                            | 2,797                           | 2,196      |
| Income taxes payable                                                                       | 322                             | —          |
| Accrued compensation, warranty and other liabilities                                       | 847                             | 777        |
| Net cash provided from (used for) operating activities                                     | 1,193                           | (3,899)    |
| Cash flows from investing activities:                                                      |                                 |            |
| Purchases of short-term investments                                                        | (83,765)                        | (22,396)   |
| Sales and maturities of short-term investments                                             | 75,880                          | —          |
| Purchases of property, plant and equipment                                                 | (755)                           | (182)      |
| Payments on note receivable                                                                | 8,978                           | 206        |
| Other assets                                                                               | (29)                            | (37)       |
| Net cash provided from (used for) investing activities                                     | 309                             | (22,409)   |
| Cash flows from financing activities:                                                      |                                 |            |
| Issuance of stock, net                                                                     | 853                             | 1,009      |
| Cash dividends                                                                             | (1,071)                         | (1,047)    |
| Net cash used for financing activities                                                     | (218)                           | (38)       |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                                       | 1,284                           | (26,346)   |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period                                           | 7,127                           | 32,696     |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period                                                 | \$ 8,411                        | \$ 6,350   |
| Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:                                          |                                 |            |
| Cash paid (received) during the period for:                                                |                                 |            |
| Income taxes, net of refunds                                                               | \$ 76                           | \$ (38)    |

See accompanying notes.

COHU, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
March 31, 2004

**1. Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying interim financial statements are unaudited but include all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments), which Cohu, Inc. (the “Company” or “Cohu”) considers necessary for a fair statement of the results for the period. The operating results for the three months ended March 31, 2004, are not necessarily indicative of the operating results for the entire year or any future period. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 and management’s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations included elsewhere herein.

**Revenue Recognition**

Cohu’s revenue recognition policy is disclosed in Note 1 of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003. As more fully described in that policy, revenue from products that have not previously satisfied customer acceptance is recognized upon customer acceptance. The gross profit on sales that are not recognized is generally recorded as deferred profit and reflected as a current liability in the consolidated balance sheet.

The Company has an \$8.5 million contract to provide microwave communications equipment for a border security command center and infrastructure system in the United Arab Emirates. The contract, which utilizes the Company’s most advanced microwave communications technology that has not been installed in an application of this size and complexity, requires that 40% of the total contract price be paid after the system has been fully accepted by the customer. As a result of these factors and the inability to make reasonably dependable estimates of progress toward completion and acceptance, the Company will recognize all revenue and related costs under this contract in the period the system is accepted by the customer. Through March 31, 2004, the Company has deferred approximately \$4.6 million of revenue under the contract.

At March 31, 2004, the Company had total deferred revenue of approximately \$16.5 million and deferred profit of \$6.9 million. At December 31, 2003, the Company had total deferred revenue of approximately \$9.3 million and deferred profit of \$4.1 million. The increase in deferred revenue and profit is primarily related to the deferral of revenue on certain new semiconductor test handlers and microwave communications equipment that have been shipped and installed and are awaiting customer acceptance.

**Stock-Based Compensation**

Cohu has several stock-based compensation plans that are described more fully in Note 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003. Cohu accounts for those plans under the recognition and measurement principles of APB Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees*, and related Interpretations. No stock-based employee compensation cost is reflected in the consolidated statements of operations, as all options granted under those plans had an exercise price equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. The following table illustrates the effect on net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share if Cohu had applied the fair value recognition provisions of Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) Statement No. 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, to stock-based employee compensation.

**COHU, INC.**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**March 31, 2004**

| (in thousands, except per share amounts)                                                                                                       | 2004                  | Three months ended<br>2003 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| Net income (loss), as reported                                                                                                                 | <b>\$2,098</b>        | \$(1,370)                  |
| Less: Total stock-based employee compensation expense<br>determined under fair value based method for all awards, net<br>of related tax effect | <b>(966)</b>          | (719)                      |
| Pro forma net income (loss)                                                                                                                    | <b><u>\$1,132</u></b> | <b><u>\$(2,089)</u></b>    |
| Net income (loss) per share:                                                                                                                   |                       |                            |
| Basic-as reported                                                                                                                              | <b>\$ 0.10</b>        | \$ (0.07)                  |
| Basic-pro forma                                                                                                                                | <b>\$ 0.05</b>        | \$ (0.10)                  |
| Diluted-as reported                                                                                                                            | <b>\$ 0.10</b>        | \$ (0.07)                  |
| Diluted-pro forma                                                                                                                              | <b>\$ 0.05</b>        | \$ (0.10)                  |

#### Retiree Medical Benefits

Cohu provides post-retirement health benefits to certain executives and directors under a noncontributory plan. The net periodic benefit cost during the three-month periods ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 was not significant.

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 (the "Act") was enacted on December 8, 2003. In accordance with FASB Staff Position No. FAS 106-1, the accumulated post-retirement benefit obligation and net periodic benefit cost in the consolidated financial statements do not reflect the effects, if any, of the Act. Specific authoritative guidance on the accounting for the federal subsidy is pending and that guidance, when issued, could require changes, that are not expected to be significant, to previously reported information.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In January, 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46 ("FIN 46"), *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB No. 51*. FIN 46 was revised in December, 2003 and clarifies the application of ARB 51 to certain entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support. The application of FIN 46 may require that an entity be subject to consolidation even though the investor does not have a controlling financial interest that, under ARB 51, was usually deemed to exist through ownership of a majority voting interest. FIN 46, as revised, is generally effective for all entities subject to the interpretation no later than the end of the first reporting period that ends after March 15, 2004. The Company currently has no investments in entities within the scope of FIN 46 and as a result the application of FIN 46 had no material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In March 2004, the FASB issued an exposure document entitled *Share-Based Payment - an amendment of Statements No. 123 and 95 (Proposed Statement of Financial Accounting Standards)*. The proposed Statement would eliminate the ability to account for share-based compensation transactions using APB Opinion No. 25 and generally require instead that such transactions be accounted for using a fair-value-based method. This accounting, if approved, will result in significant compensation expense charges to our future results of operations. The proposed Statement, if adopted, would be applied to public entities prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2004, as if all share-based compensation awards granted, modified, or settled after December 15, 1994, had been accounted for using the fair-value method of accounting. Retrospective application of the proposed Statement is not permitted.

**COHU, INC.**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**March 31, 2004**

## 2. 2004 Results of Operations

In February, 2004, the Company and a foreign sales representative amended a Product Representation Agreement that was originally entered into on April 1, 2003. The amendment reduced the commissions to be paid by the Company to the sales representative on certain previously recorded and future sales. In the quarter ended March 31, 2004, the Company reduced commission expense by \$129,000 and \$103,000, for commissions previously expensed in 2003 and 2004, respectively. Accordingly, selling, general and administrative expense in the accompanying statement of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2004 has been reduced by \$232,000 as a result of this amendment.

In 2003, the Company recorded a charge to cost of sales of approximately \$1,700,000 as a result of inventory market valuation writedowns. In the three months ended March 31, 2004, the Company sold certain of the written down inventory and as a result the Company's cost of sales and the related gross profit was favorably impacted by approximately \$700,000.

## 3. Income (Loss) Per Share

Income (loss) per share is computed in accordance with FASB Statement No. 128, *Earnings per Share*. Basic income (loss) per share is computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during each period. Diluted income (loss) per share includes the dilutive effect of common shares potentially issuable upon the exercise of stock options. For purposes of computing diluted income per share, stock options with exercise prices that exceed the average fair market value of the Company's common stock for the period are excluded. For the three months ended March 31, 2004 options to purchase approximately 65,000 shares of common stock were excluded from the computation. The impact of stock options is excluded for loss periods as they would be antidilutive. The following table reconciles the denominators used in computing basic and diluted income (loss) per share:

|                                            | Three months ended<br>March 31, |        |
|--------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------|
|                                            | 2004                            | 2003   |
|                                            | (in thousands)                  |        |
| Weighted average common shares outstanding | 21,419                          | 20,912 |
| Effect of dilutive stock options           | 656                             | —      |
|                                            | 22,075                          | 20,912 |

## 4. Income Taxes

The income tax provision (benefit) included in the statements of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, is based on the estimated annual effective tax rate for the entire year. These estimated effective tax rates are subject to adjustment in subsequent quarterly periods as the Company's estimates of pretax income or loss for the year are increased or decreased. The effective tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2004 is less than the U.S. federal statutory rate primarily due to the significant deferred tax asset valuation allowance recorded at December 31, 2003.

A valuation allowance of \$11,704,000 has been provided on deferred tax assets at December 31, 2003, primarily due to uncertainties of realizing net deferred tax assets in excess of income expected to be generated from future income and certain tax planning strategies. The Company determined that the valuation allowance was required based upon its recent losses, and the likelihood of generating sufficient additional taxable income in future years to obtain benefit from the reversal of temporary differences and net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. The amount of deferred tax assets considered realizable is subject to adjustment in future periods if estimates of future taxable income change. If the valuation allowance is increased or decreased there would be a corresponding increase or decrease in the income tax provision.

**COHU, INC.**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**March 31, 2004**

The IRS is currently conducting a routine examination of Cohu's consolidated tax returns for the period 2000 through 2002. The Company expects the IRS examination to be completed in 2004. If the examination is concluded in 2004, any adjustments that result from the IRS examination will be reflected in the Company's 2004 results of operations. The Company believes that such adjustments, if any, are adequately provided for in the consolidated financial statements.

**5. Goodwill, Investments and Other Intangible Assets**

In June, 2001, the FASB issued Statement No. 142, *Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets*. Under Statement No. 142, goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are reviewed annually for impairment or more frequently if impairment indicators arise. Separable intangible assets that have finite lives are amortized over their useful lives. Under Statement No. 142, goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite useful lives resulting from acquisitions completed after June 30, 2001 are not amortized. At March 31, 2004, the Company had goodwill of \$8.3 million that resulted from an acquisition completed in July, 2001.

The Company performed the required annual goodwill impairment test as of October 1, 2003. Cohu did not recognize any goodwill impairment as a result of performing this annual test. A future decline in the fair value of Cohu's semiconductor equipment business may indicate goodwill impairment that could result in a charge to Cohu's future operating results.

In August, 2001, the FASB issued Statement No. 144, *Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets*, which supersedes Statement No. 121. Statement No. 144 addresses financial accounting and reporting for the impairment of long-lived assets (excluding goodwill) and for long-lived assets to be disposed of. However, Statement No. 144 retains the fundamental provisions of Statement No. 121 for recognition and measurement of the impairment of long-lived assets to be held and used. Cohu adopted Statement No. 144 effective January 1, 2002.

In the fourth quarter of 2002, Cohu entered into a \$1,700,000 license agreement for certain intellectual property and know-how from LiveTools Technology SA. The Company is amortizing the intangible asset to expense over the three-year exclusive license period. Accumulated amortization at March 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003, was \$780,000 and \$642,000, respectively. Amortization expense was \$138,000 in the three month periods ended March 31, 2004 and 2003. The estimated remaining amortization expense in future periods is 2004 – \$412,000; 2005 – \$458,000.

**6. Geographic Consolidation**

On April 10, 2003, Cohu announced that its Delta Design, Inc. subsidiary ("Delta") was relocating its Littleton, Massachusetts operation to its headquarters facility in Poway, California. The consolidation, that will result in approximately 50 of the 65 employees being terminated, was substantially completed in March, 2004 and the remaining charges to operations for severance and other payroll costs are expected to be minimal. The Company recorded charges to operations in the quarter ended March 31, 2004, totaling \$188,000 for severance and one-time termination benefits. These charges are included in cost of sales (\$57,000), research and development (\$58,000) and selling, general and administrative expense (\$73,000). Cumulative charges to operations for severance and other exit costs for the period April, 2003 to March 31, 2004, were \$1,056,000.

**COHU, INC.**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**March 31, 2004**

The following table reconciles amounts accrued and paid under the Littleton consolidation plan.

|                                | Severance and<br>other payroll | Other exit costs | Total      |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|------------|
| Liability at December 31, 2003 | \$ 407,000                     | \$ —             | \$ 407,000 |
| Costs accrued                  | 188,000                        | —                | 188,000    |
| Amounts paid or charged        | (148,000)                      | —                | (148,000)  |
| Liability at March 31, 2004    | \$ 447,000                     | \$ —             | \$ 447,000 |

In April, 2003, Delta completed the relocation of its Columbus, Ohio operations to its facility in Poway, California. The consolidation is expected to reduce costs without impacting the revenue generating activities of Delta. The Company recorded charges to operations in the quarter ended March 31, 2003, totaling \$630,000 for severance and one-time termination benefits and \$117,000 for contract termination costs primarily related to the leased facility. These charges are included in cost of sales (\$47,000), research and development (\$570,000) and selling, general and administrative expense (\$130,000). Exit-related costs charged to operations subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2003 were not significant.

## 7. Real Estate Transactions

On January 13, 2003, the Company extended the term of a \$9.2 million promissory note with TC Kearny Villa, L.P. ("TC"). The 8% non-recourse note was secured by a deed of trust on land and buildings in San Diego, California sold by Cohu to TC in April, 2001. The note amendment extended the due date of the note to March 31, 2005 and provided for principal payments, assuming a 20-year amortization schedule, of \$206,000 and \$223,000 on April 1, 2003 and 2004, respectively. Interest at 8% was to continue to be paid monthly.

In February, 2004 the Company and TC entered into an agreement whereby the Company released its beneficial interest in the property securing the note receivable in exchange for full payment of the note and \$272,000 of accrued interest. The Company received net cash proceeds from TC totaling \$9,250,000 on February 19, 2004. The interest received was recorded as income in 2004.

## 8. Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Components of comprehensive income (loss), on an after-tax basis where applicable, were as follows (in thousands):

|                                          | 2004    | Three months ended<br>March 31,<br>2003 |
|------------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------------|
| Net income (loss)                        | \$2,098 | \$(1,370)                               |
| Change in unrealized gain on investments | 1       | (60)                                    |
| Comprehensive income (loss)              | \$2,099 | \$(1,430)                               |

Accumulated other comprehensive income totaled \$25,000 and \$24,000 at March 31, 2004 and December 31, 2003, respectively, and was attributed to after-tax unrealized gains on investments.

## 9. Contingencies

Cohu is currently subject to various legal proceedings, lawsuits, examinations by various tax authorities and claims that have arisen in the ordinary course of its businesses. Although the outcome of these legal proceedings, claims and examinations cannot be predicted with certainty, Cohu does not believe that any of these matters will have a material adverse effect on its financial position or results of operations.

**COHU, INC.**  
**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**March 31, 2004**

# 10. Segment and Related Information

The following information is presented pursuant to FASB Statement No. 131, *Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information*. Intersegment sales were not significant in any period.

|                                                                    | Three months ended March 31,<br>2004 | 2003              |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------|
|                                                                    | (in thousands)                       |                   |
| <i>Net sales by segment:</i>                                       |                                      |                   |
| Semiconductor equipment                                            | \$28,701                             | \$23,894          |
| Television cameras                                                 | 4,602                                | 4,195             |
| Metal detection                                                    | 1,692                                | 1,459             |
| Microwave communications                                           | 944                                  | 1,531             |
| Total consolidated net sales and net sales for reportable segments | <u>\$35,939</u>                      | <u>\$31,079</u>   |
| <i>Segment profit (loss):</i>                                      |                                      |                   |
| Semiconductor equipment                                            | \$ 3,486                             | \$ (1,822)        |
| Television cameras                                                 | 10                                   | 152               |
| Metal detection                                                    | (145)                                | (120)             |
| Microwave communications                                           | (851)                                | (130)             |
| Profit (loss) for reportable segments                              | <u>2,500</u>                         | <u>(1,920)</u>    |
| <i>Other unallocated amounts:</i>                                  |                                      |                   |
| Corporate expenses                                                 | (622)                                | (550)             |
| Interest income                                                    | 620                                  | 700               |
| Income (loss) before income taxes                                  | <u>\$ 2,498</u>                      | <u>\$ (1,770)</u> |

|                                                                | March 31, 2004   | December 31, 2003 |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
|                                                                | (in thousands)   |                   |
| <i>Total assets by segment:</i>                                |                  |                   |
| Semiconductor equipment                                        | \$ 89,216        | \$ 89,926         |
| Television cameras                                             | 8,946            | 8,266             |
| Metal detection                                                | 3,908            | 3,567             |
| Microwave communications                                       | 7,497            | 7,681             |
| Total assets for reportable segments                           | <u>109,567</u>   | <u>109,440</u>    |
| Corporate, principally cash and investments and deferred taxes | <u>119,339</u>   | <u>111,290</u>    |
| Total consolidated assets                                      | <u>\$228,906</u> | <u>\$220,730</u>  |

# 11. Guarantees

Cohu products are generally sold with a 12-month to 24-month warranty period following sale or installation. Parts and labor are covered under the terms of the warranty agreement. The warranty provision is based on historical experience by product and configuration.

Changes in accrued warranty during the three months ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 were as follows (in thousands):

|                           | 2004            | 2003            |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Balance, December 31      | \$ 3,479        | \$ 2,878        |
| Warranty expense accruals | 1,406           | 1,081           |
| Warranty payments         | (1,255)         | (1,072)         |
| Balance, March 31         | <u>\$ 3,630</u> | <u>\$ 2,887</u> |

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During the ordinary course of business, Cohu also provides standby letters of credit to certain parties as required. As of March 31, 2004, the maximum potential amount of future payments that Cohu could be required to make under these standby letters of credit is approximately \$2.5 million. Cohu has not recorded any liability in connection with these guarantee arrangements beyond that required to appropriately account for the underlying transaction being guaranteed. Cohu does not believe, based on historical experience and information currently available, that it is probable that any amounts will be required to be paid under these arrangements.

**Item 2.**

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*This Form 10-Q contains certain forward-looking statements including expectations of market conditions, challenges and plans, within the meaning of Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and is subject to the Safe Harbor provisions created by that statute. The words "anticipate", "expect", "believe", "plan", "intend" and similar expressions are intended to identify such statements. Although the forward-looking statements in this Form 10-Q reflect the good faith judgment of our management, such statements are subject to various risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to those discussed herein and, in particular, under the caption "Trends, Risks and Uncertainties" that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected.*

**EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW**

Cohu's primary business activity involves the development, manufacture, marketing, sale and servicing of test handling equipment for the global semiconductor industry. During the three-year period ended December 31, 2003, the semiconductor equipment industry experienced a severe business downturn. Our net sales in each of the last three years declined more than 50% from the record 2000 year. This decrease in revenue was generally comparable to most other companies in the semiconductor equipment industry, particularly the "back-end" semiconductor equipment companies that would be considered the closest to Cohu in terms of business cycles.

In the three months ended March 31, 2004, Cohu's semiconductor equipment business, as well as the semiconductor equipment industry, saw significantly improved order bookings and backlog, an indication that the severe three-year industry downturn had ended. Our sales in the first three months of 2004 were down from the fourth quarter of 2003 primarily due to revenue which was recognized in the fourth quarter of 2003 on shipments which had been made earlier in 2003 but were awaiting customer acceptance. Despite this decrease in revenue, our operating results improved in part due to improved sales product mix resulting in a higher gross margin.

Our operating results in the last three years have been impacted by charges to cost of sales related to excess and obsolete and lower of cost or market inventory issues. These charges totaled approximately \$24.5 million during the three-year period ended December 31, 2003 and were primarily the result of decreases to customer forecasts, competitive conditions in the test handler industry and, to a lesser extent, changes in our sales product mix as a result of new product introductions. Exposures related to inventories are common in the semiconductor equipment industry due to the narrow customer base, the custom nature of the products and inventory and the shortened product life cycles caused by rapid changes in semiconductor manufacturing technology. Increased competition, particularly in the last several years, has also negatively impacted our gross margins and we believe it is likely these conditions will exist for the foreseeable future.

Our other operating costs consist of research and development ("R&D") and selling, general and administrative expenses ("SG&A"). SG&A has been relatively consistent during the last three years while our R&D expense declined in 2003, in part as a result of the closure of our Columbus engineering operation.

Our non-semiconductor equipment businesses have comprised approximately 20% of our revenues during the last three years. The operating results of these businesses have deteriorated over the last several years and they accounted for a significant portion of our loss from operations in 2003.

Our financial condition remains very strong with significant cash and short-term investments and no long-term debt. Despite the severe downturn in the semiconductor equipment industry, during the three-year period ended December 31, 2003 we generated \$30.7 million of net cash from operating activities and total cash and investments increased from \$92.6 million at December 31, 2000 to \$116.8 million at March 31, 2004.

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**CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND ESTIMATES**

Cohu's discussion and analysis of its financial condition and results of operations are based upon Cohu's consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires Cohu to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an on-going basis, Cohu evaluates its estimates, including those related to bad debts, inventories, intangible assets, income taxes, warranty obligations and contingencies and litigation. Cohu bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Cohu believes the following critical accounting policies, that are more fully described in the Cohu Consolidated Financial Statements included in the Cohu Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission, affect the significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

**Revenue Recognition:** Cohu generally recognizes revenue upon shipment and title passage for established products (i.e., those that have previously satisfied customer acceptance requirements) that provide for full payment tied to shipment. Revenue for products that have not previously satisfied customer acceptance requirements or from sales where customer payment dates are not determinable is recognized upon customer acceptance.

**Accounts Receivable:** Cohu maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts for estimated losses resulting from the inability of its customers to make required payments. If the financial condition of Cohu's customers deteriorates, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, additional allowances may be required.

**Warranty:** Cohu provides for the estimated costs of product warranties in the period sales are recognized. Cohu's warranty obligation estimates are affected by historical product shipment levels, product performance and material and labor costs incurred in correcting product performance problems. Should product performance, material usage or labor repair costs differ from Cohu's estimates, revisions to the estimated warranty liability would be required.

**Inventory:** Cohu records valuation reserves on its inventory for estimated excess and obsolete inventory and lower of cost or market concerns equal to the difference between the cost of inventory and the estimated market value based upon assumptions about future product demand, market conditions and product selling prices. If future product demand, market conditions or product selling prices are less or more favorable than those projected by management or if continued modifications to products are required to meet specifications or other customer requirements, changes to inventory reserves may be required.

**Income Taxes:** Cohu estimates income taxes based on the various jurisdictions where we conduct business. This requires us to estimate our actual current tax exposure and to assess temporary differences that result from differing treatment of certain items for tax and accounting purposes. These differences result in deferred tax assets and liabilities that are reflected in the consolidated balance sheet. The net deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance if, based upon all available evidence, it is more likely than not that some or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Establishing a valuation allowance or increasing this allowance in an accounting period results in tax expense in the statement of operations. Cohu must make significant judgments to determine the provision for income taxes, deferred tax assets and liabilities and any valuation allowance to be recorded against net deferred tax assets. Our net deferred tax asset balance as of December 31, 2003 was \$3.1 million, net of a valuation allowance of \$11.7 million. We recorded the valuation allowance in the fourth quarters of 2002 and 2003 as a result of our recent losses and to reflect uncertainties concerning our ability to generate future taxable income and our corresponding ability to utilize our deferred tax assets. The deferred tax assets

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consist primarily of deductible temporary differences, tax credit and net operating loss carryforwards.

**Intangible Assets:** At March 31, 2004, intangible assets other than goodwill were evaluated for impairment using undiscounted cash flows expected to result from the use of the assets as required by FASB Statement No. 144 and we concluded there was no impairment loss. Cohu is required to assess goodwill impairment using the methodology prescribed by FASB Statement No. 142. Statement No. 142 requires that goodwill be tested for impairment on an annual basis and more frequently in certain circumstances. The required annual goodwill impairment test is performed as of October 1 of each year. Cohu did not recognize any goodwill impairment as a result of performing this annual test.

**Contingencies:** Cohu is subject to certain contingencies that arise in the ordinary course of its businesses. In accordance with FASB Statement No. 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*, we assess the likelihood that future events will confirm the existence of a loss or an impairment of an asset. If a loss or asset impairment is probable, as defined in Statement No. 5 and the amount of the loss or impairment is reasonably estimable, we accrue a charge to operations in the period such conditions become known.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements:** In January, 2003, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 46 ("FIN 46"), *Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities, an interpretation of ARB No. 51*. FIN 46 was revised in December, 2003 and clarifies the application of ARB 51 to certain entities in which equity investors do not have the characteristics of a controlling financial interest or do not have sufficient equity at risk for the entity to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support. The application of FIN 46 may require that an entity be subject to consolidation even though the investor does not have a controlling financial interest that, under ARB 51, was usually deemed to exist through ownership of a majority voting interest. FIN 46, as revised, is generally effective for all entities subject to the interpretation no later than the end of the first reporting period that ends after March 15, 2004. The Company currently has no investments in entities within the scope of FIN 46 and as a result the application of FIN 46 had no material effect on the Company's financial statements.

In March, 2004, the FASB issued an exposure document entitled *Share-Based Payment - an amendment of Statements No. 123 and 95 (Proposed Statement of Financial Accounting Standards)*. The proposed Statement would eliminate the ability to account for share-based compensation transactions using APB Opinion No. 25 and generally require instead that such transactions be accounted for using a fair-value-based method. This accounting, if approved, will result in significant compensation expense charges to our future results of operations. The proposed Statement, if adopted, would be applied to public entities prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2004, as if all share-based compensation awards granted, modified, or settled after December 15, 1994, had been accounted for using the fair-value method of accounting. Retrospective application of the proposed Statement is not permitted.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table summarizes certain operating data as a percentage of net sales for the three-month periods ended March 31.

|                                     | 2004    | 2003    |
|-------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Net sales                           | 100.0%  | 100.0%  |
| Cost of sales                       | (58.5)% | (66.6)% |
| Gross margin                        | 41.5%   | 33.4%   |
| Research and development            | (17.2)% | (22.3)% |
| Selling, general and administrative | (19.1)% | (19.0)% |
| Income (loss) from operations       | 5.2%    | (7.9)%  |

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***Three Months Ended March 31, 2004 Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2003***

Our net sales increased 16% to \$35.9 million in 2004, compared to net sales of \$31.1 million in 2003. Sales of semiconductor test handling equipment in 2004 increased 20% from the 2003 period and accounted for 80% of consolidated net sales in 2004, versus 77% in 2003. Sales of television cameras and other equipment accounted for 13% of net sales in 2004 and increased 10% when compared to 2003, while the combined sales of metal detection and microwave equipment decreased 12%.

At March 31, 2004, the Company had deferred revenue totaling approximately \$16.5 million and deferred profit of \$6.9 million. At December 31, 2003, the Company had deferred revenue totaling approximately \$9.3 million and deferred profit of \$4.1 million. The increase in deferred revenue and profit is primarily related to the deferral of revenue on certain new semiconductor test handlers and microwave communications equipment that have been shipped and installed and are awaiting customer acceptance.

***Gross margin***

Gross margin as a percentage of net sales increased to 41.5% in 2004 from 33.4% in 2003, primarily as a result of higher margins in the semiconductor equipment business. Within the semiconductor equipment segment, margins increased in 2004, primarily as a result of changes in product mix and increased business volume. Cohu computes the majority of its excess and obsolete inventory reserve requirements using a one-year inventory usage forecast. During 2004 and 2003, we recorded net charges to cost of sales of approximately \$1.3 million and \$0.5 million, respectively, for excess and obsolete inventory. While we believe our reserves for excess and obsolete inventory are adequate to cover our exposures at March 31, 2004, reductions in customer forecasts or continued modifications to products, including our newest handler Delta **EDGE**<sup>TM</sup>, may require additional charges to operations that could negatively impact our gross margin in future periods. Conversely, if our actual inventory usage is greater than our forecasted usage, our gross margin may be favorably impacted in future periods.

In 2003, we recorded a charge to cost of sales of approximately \$1.7 million as a result of inventory market valuation writedowns. In the first quarter of 2004, we sold certain of this inventory and our gross margin was favorably impacted by approximately \$0.7 million.

***Research And Development Expense***

Research and development expense ("R&D") as a percentage of net sales was 17.2% in 2004, compared to 22.3% in 2003, decreasing in absolute dollars from \$6.9 million in 2003 to \$6.2 million in 2004. The decrease in R&D was primarily the result of lower R&D labor and material costs for product development in the semiconductor equipment business resulting in large part from the closure of our Columbus, Ohio operation in April, 2003.

***Selling, General And Administrative Expense***

Selling, general and administrative expense ("SG&A") as a percentage of net sales increased to 19.1% in 2004, from 19.0% in 2003, increasing from \$5.9 million in 2003 to \$6.9 million in 2004. The increase in SG&A expense was primarily related to increased business volume.

In February, 2004, the Company and a foreign sales representative amended a Product Representation Agreement that was originally entered into on April 1, 2003. The amendment reduced the commissions to be paid by the Company to the sales representative on certain previously recorded and future sales. In the quarter ended March 31, 2004, the Company reduced commission expense by \$129,000 and \$103,000, for commissions previously expensed in 2003 and 2004, respectively. Accordingly, selling, general and administrative expense for the three months ended March 31, 2004 has been reduced by \$232,000 as a result of this amendment.

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***Interest Income***

Interest income was \$0.6 million and \$0.7 million in 2004 and 2003, respectively. The decrease in interest income was due to lower interest rates.

***Income Taxes***

The provision (benefit) for income taxes expressed as a percentage of pre-tax income was 16.0% in 2004 and (22.6%) in 2003. The provision (benefit) for income taxes is based on the estimated effective tax rate for the entire year and in 2004 is lower than the U.S. federal statutory rate primarily due to the significant deferred tax valuation allowance recorded at December 31, 2003. The estimated effective tax rate is subject to adjustment in subsequent quarterly periods as the Company's estimates of pretax income or loss for the year are increased or decreased. At December 31, 2003 and March 31, 2004, Cohu assessed the need for a valuation allowance on its deferred tax assets. Realization of the deferred tax assets is dependent upon the Company generating sufficient taxable income, in appropriate tax jurisdictions, in future years, to obtain benefit from the reversal of temporary differences and net operating tax loss and credit carryforwards. At December 31, 2003, the Company had recorded a valuation allowance of approximately \$11.7 million against deferred tax assets due to the uncertainties surrounding their realization. The amount of deferred tax assets considered realizable is subject to adjustment in future periods should Cohu determine that estimates of future taxable income are reduced or increased.

The IRS is currently conducting a routine examination of Cohu's consolidated tax returns for the period 2000 through 2002. The Company expects the IRS examination to be completed in 2004. If the examination is concluded in 2004, any adjustments that result from the IRS examination will be reflected in the Company's 2004 results of operations. The Company believes that such adjustments, if any, are adequately provided for in the consolidated financial statements.

***Other Items***

On April 10, 2003, Cohu announced that its Delta Design subsidiary was relocating its Littleton, Massachusetts operation to its headquarters facility in Poway, California. The consolidation was substantially complete by March 31, 2004. Cohu incurred charges in the first quarter of 2004 totaling approximately \$0.2 million for severance and other related exit costs.

In April 2003, Cohu's Delta Design subsidiary completed the relocation of its Columbus, Ohio operations to its headquarters facility in Poway, California. The consolidation is expected to reduce costs without impacting the revenue generating activities of Delta Design. The Company recorded charges to operations in the quarter ended March 31, 2003, totaling \$0.6 million for severance and one-time termination benefits and \$0.1 million for contract termination costs primarily related to the leased facility. Exit-related costs charged to operations subsequent to the quarter ended March 31, 2003 were not significant.

In 2003, Cohu through its Broadcast Microwave Services (BMS) subsidiary, was awarded an \$8.5 million contract from the United Arab Emirates (UAE) Armed Services to provide microwave communications equipment for a command center and infrastructure system for border security. The contract, which utilizes our most advanced microwave communications technology that has not previously been installed in an application of this size and complexity, requires that 40% of the total contract price be paid after the system has been fully accepted by the customer. As a result of these factors and the inability to make reasonably dependable estimates of progress toward completion and acceptance, Cohu will recognize all revenue and related costs under this contract in the period the system is accepted by the customer. Through March 31, 2004, we had shipped inventory with a sales value of \$4.6 million and deferred costs of approximately \$3.4 million resulting in deferred profit of approximately \$1.2 million under the contract. In addition, at March 31, 2004 we had inventory to be delivered under the contract of approximately \$1.5 million and accounts receivable of approximately \$2.6 million. Cohu has also provided the

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customer with a standby letter of credit totaling approximately \$2.5 million at March 31, 2004, that may be drawn upon if BMS does not fulfill the terms of the contract. We currently expect equipment and system installation to be completed in 2004. If BMS is unable to successfully complete the installation of the equipment and obtain customer acceptance of the system, the related inventory and receivables may need to be written off, the customer might seek a refund of the \$2.0 million in payments made to BMS under the contract and our business, results of operations and financial condition would be materially impacted.

As a result of the factors set forth above, our net income was \$2.1 million in 2004, compared to a net loss of \$1.4 million in 2003.

**LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

Our net cash flows provided from operating activities in the first three months of 2004 totaled \$1.2 million. The major components of cash flows used for operating activities were net income of \$2.1 million, the net change in current assets and liabilities totaling \$1.9 million, and depreciation and amortization of \$1.0 million. Net cash used for investing activities included \$7.9 million for the purchase of short-term investments, less sales and maturities, and purchases of property, plant and equipment and other assets of \$0.8 million offset by a \$9.0 million payment on a note receivable. Cash provided by financing activities included \$0.9 million received from the issuance of stock upon the exercise of stock options offset by \$1.1 million for the payment of dividends. Cohu has a \$5 million bank line of credit, of which approximately \$2.5 million has been allocated to outstanding standby letters of credit, and working capital of \$155.8 million at March 31, 2004. We anticipate that present working capital and available borrowings under the line of credit will be sufficient to meet our operating requirements for at least the next twelve months.

***Off Balance Sheet Arrangements***

During the ordinary course of business, Cohu provides standby letters of credit instruments to certain parties as required. As of December 31, 2003, the maximum potential amount of future payments that Cohu could be required to make under these standby letters of credit was approximately \$2.5 million. Cohu has not recorded any liability in connection with these arrangements beyond that required to appropriately account for the underlying transaction being guaranteed. Cohu does not believe, based on historical experience and information currently available, that it is probable that any amounts will be required to be paid under these arrangements.

**TRENDS, RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

***The semiconductor industry we serve is highly volatile and unpredictable.***

Cohu's operating results are substantially dependent on our semiconductor equipment business. This capital equipment business is in turn highly dependent on the overall strength of the semiconductor industry. Historically, the semiconductor industry has been highly cyclical with recurring periods of oversupply and excess capacity, which often have had a significant effect on the semiconductor industry's demand for capital equipment, including equipment of the type manufactured and marketed by Cohu. We anticipate that the markets for newer generations of semiconductors and semiconductor equipment may also be subject to similar cycles and severe downturns, such as those experienced in 1996, 1998 and late 2000, continuing throughout 2001, 2002 and 2003. Reductions in capital equipment investment by semiconductor manufacturers and semiconductor test subcontractors will materially and adversely affect our business, financial position and results of operations. In addition, the volatile and unpredictable nature of semiconductor equipment demand has in the past and may in the future expose us to significant excess and obsolete and lower of cost or market inventory write-offs and reserve requirements. In the years ended December 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001, we recorded pretax inventory-related charges of approximately \$4.6 million, \$4.1 million and \$15.9 million, respectively, primarily as a result of changes in customer forecasts.

***A limited number of customers account for a substantial percentage of our net sales.***

We rely on a limited number of customers for a substantial percentage of our net sales. In the year ended

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December 31, 2003, two customers of the semiconductor equipment segment accounted for 57% (53% in 2002, and 44% in 2001) of our net sales. During the past five years, the percentage of Cohu's sales derived from each of these and other significant customers has varied greatly. Such variations are due to changes in the customer's business and their purchase of products from our competitors. It is common in the semiconductor test handler industry for customers to purchase equipment from more than one equipment supplier, increasing the risk that our competitive position with a specific customer may deteriorate. No assurance can be given that we will continue to maintain our competitive position with these or other significant customers. Furthermore, we expect the percentage of our revenues derived from significant customers will vary greatly in future periods. The loss of, or a significant reduction in, orders by these or other significant customers as a result of competitive products, market conditions, outsourcing final semiconductor test to test subcontractors that are not our customers or other factors, would adversely impact our business, financial condition and results of operations. Furthermore, the concentration of our revenues in a limited number of large customers may cause significant fluctuations in our future annual and quarterly operating results.

***The semiconductor equipment industry in general, and the test handler market in particular, is highly competitive.***

The semiconductor test handler industry is intensely competitive and we face substantial competition from numerous companies throughout the world. The test handler industry, while relatively small in terms of worldwide market size compared to other segments of the semiconductor equipment industry, has an inordinately large number of participants resulting in intense competitive pricing pressures that have diminished the importance of installed base as a competitive advantage. Future competition may include companies that do not currently supply test handlers. The Japanese and Korean markets for test handling equipment are large and represent a significant percentage of the worldwide market. During the last five years we have had only limited sales to Japanese and Korean customers who have historically purchased test handling equipment from Asian suppliers. Some of our competitors have substantially greater financial, engineering, manufacturing and customer support capabilities and offer more extensive product offerings than Cohu. In addition, there are emerging semiconductor equipment companies that provide or may provide innovative technology incorporated in products that may compete favorably against those of Cohu. We expect our competitors to continue to improve the design and performance of their current products and introduce new products with improved performance capabilities. Our failure to introduce new products in a timely manner, the introduction by our competitors of products with perceived or actual advantages, or disputes over rights of Cohu or our competitors to use certain intellectual property or technology could result in a loss of our competitive position and reduced sales of or margins on our existing products. We believe that competitive conditions in the semiconductor test handler market have intensified over the last several years. This intense competition has adversely impacted our product average selling prices and gross margins. If we are unable to reduce the cost of our existing products and successfully introduce new lower cost products we expect these competitive conditions to negatively impact our gross margin and operating results for the foreseeable future.

***Semiconductor equipment is subject to rapid technological change, product introductions and transitions may result in inventory write-offs and our new product development involves numerous risks and uncertainties.***

Semiconductor equipment and processes are subject to rapid technological change. We believe that our future success will depend in part on our ability to enhance existing products and develop new products with improved performance capabilities. We expect to continue to invest heavily in research and development and must manage product transitions successfully, as introductions of new products, including our recently introduced Delta **EDGE**<sup>TM</sup> handler, may adversely impact sales or margins of existing products. In addition, the introduction of new products by Cohu or by our competitors, the concentration of our revenues in a limited number of large customers, the migration to new semiconductor test handling methodologies and the custom nature of our inventory parts increases the risk that our established products and related inventory may become obsolete, resulting in significant excess and obsolete inventory exposure. This increased exposure resulted in significant charges to operations during each of the years in the three year period ended December 31, 2003. Future inventory write-offs and increased inventory reserve

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requirements could have a material adverse impact on our results of operations and financial condition.

The design, development, commercial introduction and manufacture of new semiconductor test handling equipment is an inherently complex process that involves a number of risks and uncertainties. These risks include potential problems in meeting customer acceptance and performance requirements, integration of the test handler with other suppliers' equipment and the customers' manufacturing processes, transitioning from product development to volume manufacturing and the ability of the equipment to satisfy the semiconductor industry's constantly evolving needs and achieve commercial acceptance at prices that produce satisfactory profit margins. The design and development of new test handling equipment is heavily influenced by changes in integrated circuit (IC) assembly, test and final manufacturing processes and IC package design changes. We believe that the rate of change in such processes and IC packages is accelerating. As a result of these changes and other factors, assessing the market potential and commercial viability of new IC test handling equipment is extremely difficult and subject to a great deal of risk. In addition, not all IC manufacturers employ the same manufacturing processes. Differences in such processes make it difficult to design standard semiconductor test handler products that are capable of achieving broad market acceptance. As a result, we might not accurately assess the semiconductor industry's future test handler requirements and fail to design and develop products that meet such requirements and achieve market acceptance. Failure to accurately assess customer requirements and market trends for new semiconductor test handler products may have a material adverse impact on our operations, financial condition and results of operations.

The transition from product development to the manufacture of new semiconductor equipment is a difficult process and delays in product introductions and problems in manufacturing such equipment are common. We have in the past and continue to experience difficulties in manufacturing and volume production of our new test handlers including our latest product offering, the Delta **EDGE**™. In addition, our after sale support and warranty costs have been significantly higher with new test handlers than with our established products. Future technologies, processes and product developments may render our current or future product offerings obsolete and we might not be able to develop, introduce and successfully manufacture new products or make enhancements to our existing products in a timely manner to satisfy customer requirements or achieve market acceptance. Furthermore, we might not realize acceptable profit margins on such products.

***We are exposed to risks associated with acquisitions and investments.***

Cohu has made, and may in the future make, acquisitions of, or significant investments in, businesses with complementary products, services and/or technologies. In July, 2001, Cohu acquired the assets of the Automated Systems business from Schlumberger Technologies, Inc. for \$14.2 million in cash. A significant portion of the purchase price was allocated to goodwill and other intangible assets. In the fourth quarter of 2002, Cohu invested \$2.5 million in KryoTech, Inc. preferred stock, that was written off in June, 2003, and \$1.7 million in intangible assets for certain technology.

Acquisitions and investments involve numerous risks, including, but not limited to: 1) difficulties and increased costs in connection with integration of the personnel, operations, technologies and products of acquired businesses; 2) diversion of management's attention from other operational matters; 3) the potential loss of key employees of acquired businesses; 4) lack of synergy, or the inability to realize expected synergies, resulting from the acquisition; 5) failure to commercialize purchased technology; and 6) the impairment of acquired intangible assets and goodwill that could result in significant charges to operating results in future periods. In addition, such acquisitions or investments may result in immediate charges to operating results. Mergers, acquisitions and investments are inherently risky and the inability to effectively manage these risks could materially and adversely affect Cohu's business, financial condition and results of operations.

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***We have taken remedial measures to address previous slowdowns in the semiconductor equipment industry that may affect our ability to be competitive.***

In the past, we have taken remedial measures to address the slowdown in the market for our products. In particular, we reduced our workforce, including reductions in September and October, 2002 and January and March, 2003, delayed salary increases, reduced senior executives' pay, implemented furloughs, announced facilities consolidations and reduced expense budgets. In January and April, 2003, we announced the consolidation of Delta Design's Columbus, Ohio and Littleton, Massachusetts operations into our Poway, California facility. Each of these measures could have long-term effects on our business by reducing our pool of technical talent, decreasing or slowing improvements in our products and making it more difficult for us to respond to customers needs.

***Our backlog is limited and may not accurately reflect future business activity.***

Our order backlog has historically represented approximately three months of revenue and as a result our visibility of future business activity is limited. Due to the possibility of customer changes in delivery schedules, cancellation of orders, potential delays in product shipments, difficulties in obtaining inventory parts from suppliers, failure to satisfy customer acceptance requirements and the inability to recognize revenue under accounting requirements, our backlog at any point in time may not be representative of sales in any future period. Furthermore, all orders are subject to cancellation or rescheduling by the customer with limited penalty. A reduction in backlog during any particular period could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. In addition, backlog at March 31, 2004, may not be a reliable indicator of revenues in future periods due to delayed delivery dates or customer requested changes to delivery schedules, order cancellations and delays in recognizing revenue due to accounting requirements.

***The cyclical nature of the semiconductor equipment industry places enormous demands on our employees, operations and infrastructure.***

The semiconductor equipment industry is characterized by dramatic and sometimes volatile changes in demand for its products. Changes in product demand result from a number of factors including the semiconductor industry's continually changing and unpredictable capacity requirements and changes in IC design and packaging. Sudden changes in demand for semiconductor equipment have a significant impact on our operations. In response to a severe industry downturn in 1998, we reduced our total workforce by approximately 40%. During 1999, we increased our workforce by more than 50% as business conditions in the semiconductor equipment industry and our order backlog improved. In 2001, we reduced our workforce approximately 30% as a result of a downturn in the semiconductor equipment industry. Workforce reductions continued in the third and fourth quarter of 2002 and January and March, 2003. In January and April, 2003, we announced the consolidation of Delta Design's Columbus, Ohio and Littleton, Massachusetts operations into our Poway, California facility. Such radical changes in workforce levels place enormous demands on our employees, operations and infrastructure since newly hired personnel rarely possess the expertise and level of experience of current employees. Additionally, these transitions divert management time and attention from other activities and adversely impact employee morale. We have in the past and may in the future experience difficulties, particularly in manufacturing, in training and recruiting the large number of additions to our workforce. The volatility in headcount and business levels, combined with the cyclical nature of the semiconductor industry, may require that we invest substantial amounts in new operational and financial systems, procedures and controls. We may not be able to successfully adjust our systems, facilities and production capacity to meet our customers' changing requirements. The inability to meet such requirements will have an adverse impact on our business, financial position and results of operations.

***We have experienced a significant decline in gravity-feed test handler sales to DRAM customers.***

Sales of gravity-feed IC test handlers used in DRAM testing represented a significant percentage of Cohu's total semiconductor equipment related revenue during the period 1994 through 1998. Due to changes in IC package

**COHU, INC.**  
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technology, gravity-feed handlers are no longer suitable for handling many types of DRAMs. As a result, we have seen a significant decline in sales of our gravity-feed test handler products. Pick-and-place IC handlers used in DRAM applications account for a significant portion of the worldwide IC handler market and Cohu's market share in the DRAM segment is negligible. Cohu's share of the gravity-feed handler market for the last five years has also been negligible, and with the announced closure of our Littleton, Massachusetts operations, we no longer plan to sell gravity feed test handlers. Such handlers are used in numerous non DRAM applications and continue to represent a significant portion of the worldwide test handler market. Because we do not participate in the DRAM and/or gravity-feed market segments, our total available sales market is limited and as a result our business and results of operations have been and will continue to be negatively impacted.

***We are exposed to the risks of operating a global business.***

Cohu has operations located in various parts of the world to support our sales and services to the global semiconductor industry. In the fourth quarter of 2003, we established a small manufacturing operation near Manila in the Philippines. Managing geographically dispersed operations presents difficult challenges associated with, among other things, organizational alignment and infrastructure, communications and information technology, inventory control, customer relationship management, terrorist threats and related security matters and cultural diversities. In addition, maintaining these geographically dispersed locations is expensive. We may not be able to manage our multiple operations in a cost effective and efficient manner. If we are unsuccessful in managing such operations effectively, our business and results of operations will be adversely affected.

***Failure of critical suppliers to deliver sufficient quantities of parts in a timely and cost-effective manner could adversely impact our operations.***

We use numerous vendors to supply parts, components and subassemblies for the manufacture of our products. It is not always possible to maintain multiple qualified suppliers for all of our parts, components and subassemblies. As a result, certain key parts may be available only from a single supplier or a limited number of suppliers. In addition, suppliers may cease manufacturing certain components that are difficult to replace without significant reengineering of our products. On occasion, Cohu has experienced problems in obtaining adequate and reliable quantities of various parts and components from certain key suppliers. Our results of operations may be materially and adversely impacted if we do not receive sufficient parts to meet our requirements in a timely and cost effective manner.

***Third parties may violate our proprietary rights or accuse us of infringing upon their proprietary rights.***

Cohu relies on patent, copyright, trademark and trade secret laws to establish and maintain proprietary rights in our technology and products. Any of our proprietary rights may be challenged, invalidated or circumvented, and these rights may not provide significant competitive advantages. In addition, from time to time, we receive notices from third parties regarding patent or copyright claims. Any such claims, with or without merit, could be time-consuming to defend, result in costly litigation, divert management's attention and resources and cause Cohu to incur significant expenses. In the event of a successful claim of infringement against Cohu and our failure or inability to license the infringed technology or to substitute similar non-infringing technology, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

***A majority of our revenues are generated from exports to foreign countries, primarily in Asia, that are subject to economic and political instability and we compete against a number of Asian test handling equipment suppliers.***

During the year ended December 31, 2003, 61% of our total net sales were exported to foreign countries, including 72% of the sales in the semiconductor equipment segment. The majority of our export sales are made to destinations in Asia. Political or economic instability, particularly in Asia, may adversely impact the demand for capital equipment, including equipment of the type manufactured and marketed by Cohu. In addition, we face intense competition from a number of Asian suppliers that have certain advantages over U.S. suppliers, including Cohu.

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These advantages include, among other things, proximity to customers, favorable tariffs and affiliation with significantly larger organizations. In addition, changes in the amount or price of semiconductors produced in Asia could impact the profitability or capital equipment spending programs of our foreign and domestic customers.

***The loss of key personnel could adversely impact our business.***

Certain key personnel are critical to our business. Our future operating results depend substantially upon the continued service of our key personnel, many of whom are not bound by employment or non-competition agreements. Our future operating results also depend in significant part upon our ability to attract and retain qualified management, manufacturing, technical, engineering, marketing, sales and support personnel. Competition for qualified personnel, particularly those with technical skills, is intense, and we cannot ensure success in attracting or retaining qualified personnel. There may be only a limited number of persons with the requisite skills and relevant industry experience to serve in these positions and it may be increasingly difficult for us to hire personnel over time. Our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely affected by the loss of any of our key employees, by the failure of any key employee to perform in his or her current position, or by our inability to attract and retain skilled employees.

***Our non-semiconductor equipment businesses have experienced little or no growth and are not profitable.***

We develop, manufacture and sell products used in closed circuit television, metal detection and microwave communications applications. These products are sold in highly competitive markets and many competitors are segments of large, diversified companies with substantially greater financial, engineering, marketing, manufacturing and customer support capabilities than Cohu. In addition, there are smaller companies that provide or may provide innovative technology incorporated in products that may compete favorably against those of Cohu. We have seen a significant decline in the operating results of these businesses over the last several years with increasing losses and the future prospects for certain of these businesses remain uncertain. We may not be able to continue to compete successfully in these businesses.

***New accounting rules may impact our future operating results.***

In March 2004, the FASB issued an exposure document entitled *Share-Based Payment - an amendment of Statements No. 123 and 95 (Proposed Statement of Financial Accounting Standards)*. The proposed Statement would eliminate the ability to account for share-based compensation transactions using APB Opinion No. 25 and generally require instead that such transactions be accounted for using a fair-value-based method. This accounting, if approved, will result in significant compensation expense charges to our future results of operations. The proposed Statement, if adopted, would be applied to public entities prospectively for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2004, as if all share-based compensation awards granted, modified, or settled after December 15, 1994, had been accounted for using the fair-value method of accounting. Retrospective application of the proposed Statement is not permitted.

***We have experienced significant volatility in our stock price.***

A variety of factors may cause the price of our stock to be volatile. In recent years, the stock market in general, and the market for shares of high-technology companies in particular, including ours, have experienced extreme price fluctuations, which have often been unrelated to the operating performance of affected companies. During the last three years the price of our common stock has ranged from \$30.65 to \$9.78. The price of our stock may be more volatile than other companies due to, among other factors, the unpredictable and cyclical nature of the semiconductor industry, our significant customer concentration, intense competition in the IC test handler industry, our limited backlog making earnings predictability difficult and our relatively low daily stock trading volume. The market price of our common stock is likely to continue to fluctuate significantly in the future, including fluctuations related and unrelated to our performance.

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***Recently enacted and proposed changes in securities laws and regulations are likely to increase our costs.***

The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 ("SOX") that became law in July, 2002, requires changes in some of our corporate governance and securities disclosure or compliance practices. SOX also requires the SEC to promulgate new rules on a variety of subjects, in addition to rule proposals already made, and Nasdaq has issued revisions to its requirements for companies that are Nasdaq-listed. In June, 2003 the SEC adopted certain rules as directed by Section 404 of SOX. These rules require that publicly held companies, including Cohu, include in their annual report to shareholders a report of management on the company's internal control over financial reporting. Our independent auditors will be required to attest to management's assessment of internal controls over financial reporting. Cohu will be required to comply with this new requirement in its annual report for the year ending December 31, 2004. If our financial reporting controls are not deemed effective, there will be an adverse impact on our reputation that could negatively impact our stock price.

We also expect these developments to increase our legal and accounting compliance costs, and to make some activities more difficult, such as stockholder approval of new stock option plans. We also expect these developments to make it more difficult and expensive for us to obtain director and officer liability insurance, and we may be required to accept reduced coverage or incur substantially higher costs to obtain coverage. These developments could make it more difficult for us to attract and retain qualified members of our board of directors, or qualified executive officers. We are presently evaluating and monitoring regulatory developments and cannot estimate the timing or magnitude of additional costs we may incur as a result.

***The outbreak of SARS and bird flu in Asia and geopolitical instability caused by terrorist attacks and threats may adversely impact our operations and sales.***

Our Asian sales and service headquarters is located in Singapore and the majority of our sales are made to destinations in Asia. In addition, we recently organized a business in the Philippines to fabricate certain component parts used in our semiconductor test handlers. Our operations and sales in this region may be adversely impacted by Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome, or SARS, or the recent outbreak of Asian bird flu, if our business or the businesses of our customers are disrupted by travel restrictions or the illness and quarantine of employees. Furthermore, continued terrorist attacks or threats may cause increased geopolitical instability that may have an adverse effect on the world economy and our business.

Due to all the above and other factors, historical results may not be indicative of results of operations for any future period. In addition, certain matters discussed above are forward-looking statements that are subject to the risks and uncertainties noted herein and the other risks and uncertainties listed from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, including but not limited to the 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or forecasted. Cohu undertakes no obligation to update the information, including the forward-looking statements, in this Form 10-Q.

**Item 3. Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk.**

**Interest rate risk.**

At March 31, 2004 our investment portfolio includes fixed-income securities with a fair value of approximately \$108.4 million. These securities are subject to interest rate risk and will decline in value if interest rates increase. Due to the relatively short duration of our investment portfolio, an immediate ten percent change in interest rates (e.g. 3.00% to 3.30%) would have no material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

**Foreign currency exchange risk.**

We generally conduct business, including sales to foreign customers, in U.S. dollars and as a result we have limited foreign currency exchange rate risk. Monetary assets and liabilities of Cohu's foreign operations are not significant. The effect of an immediate ten percent change in foreign exchange rates would not have a material impact on our financial condition or results of operations.

**Item 4. Controls and procedures.**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we evaluated the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures, as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report.

It should be noted that any system of controls, however well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the system are met. In addition, the design of any control system is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events. Because of these and other inherent limitations of control systems, there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions, regardless of how remote. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance of achieving their objectives and our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective at the reasonable assurance level.

**Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.**

(a) Exhibits:

- 3.1 - Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Cohu, Inc. incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.1(a) from the Cohu, Inc. Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 1999
- 3.1(a) - Certificate of Amendment of Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation of Cohu, Inc. incorporated herein by reference from the Cohu, Inc. Form S-8 filed June 30, 2000, Exhibit 4.1(a)
- 3.2 - Amended and Restated Bylaws of Cohu, Inc. incorporated herein by reference to Exhibit 3.2 from the Cohu, Inc. Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 12, 1996
- 4.1 - Rights Agreement dated November 15, 1996, between Cohu, Inc. and ChaseMellon Shareholder Services, L.L.C., incorporated herein by reference from the Cohu, Inc. Report on Form 8-K filed December 12, 1996, Exhibit 4.1
- 31.1 - Certification pursuant to Section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 31.2 - Certification pursuant to Section 302(a) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.1 - Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 32.2 - Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- (b) Reports on Form 8-K: The Company filed a report on Form 8-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 29, 2004. The Form 8-K included the Cohu, Inc. Fourth Quarter 2003 Earnings Release, dated January 28, 2004.

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

COHU, INC.  
(Registrant)

Date: April 23, 2004

/s/ James A. Donahue

James A. Donahue  
President & Chief Executive Officer

Date: April 23, 2004

/s/ John H. Allen

John H. Allen  
Vice President, Finance & Chief Financial Officer

**EXHIBIT INDEX**

| <b>Exhibit No.</b> | <b>Description</b>                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
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COHU, INC.  
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT SECTION 302(a)  
CERTIFICATION

I, James A. Donahue, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Cohu, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 23, 2004

/s/ James A. Donahue

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James A. Donahue  
President and Chief Executive Officer

COHU, INC.  
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT SECTION 302(a)  
CERTIFICATION

I, John H. Allen, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Form 10-Q of Cohu, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: April 23, 2004

/s/ John H. Allen

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John H. Allen

Vice President Finance & Chief Financial Officer

COHU, INC.  
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT SECTION 906

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, James A. Donahue, Chief Executive Officer of Cohu, Inc. (the "Registrant"), do hereby certify in accordance with 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, based on my knowledge:

(1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Registrant, to which this certification is attached as an exhibit (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m); and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Dated: April 23, 2004

/s/ James A. Donahue

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James A. Donahue  
President & Chief Executive Officer

COHU, INC.  
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT SECTION 906

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, John H. Allen, Chief Financial Officer of Cohu, Inc. (the "Registrant"), do hereby certify in accordance with 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, based on my knowledge:

(1) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Registrant, to which this certification is attached as an exhibit (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m); and

(2) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Registrant.

Dated: April 23, 2004

/s/ John H. Allen

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John H. Allen  
Vice President Finance &  
Chief Financial Officer